# DEVASWOM BOARD COLLEGE THALAYOLAPARAMBU <br> (Affiliated to Mahatma Gandhi University, Kottayam) 

# CRITERION I 

## Curricular Aspects

## Submitted to

The National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC)
February 2024

Midayikunnu P.O.Thalayolaparambu, Kottayam, Kerala - 686605

## Department of Botany, DB College, Thalayolaparambu <br> Entry Level Q.P - August ...ㄴ․․…?

## Answer any 20 questions

1. Who proposed five kingdom classification
a) Whitaker
b) Linnaeus
c) Theophrastus
2. Single celled eukaryotes are included in
(1) Archaea
b) Protista
c) Algae
3. Algae which is used by space travelers as food is
a) Nostoc b) Chlorella c) Sargassum
4. Amphibians of plant kingdom

a) Algae b) Bryophytes Pteridophytes
5. Which one of the following is the first group of vascular plants
a) Thallophytes
b) bryophytes c) pteridophytes
6. Velamen root absorb moisture from
a) Air
b) root
b) leaves
7. Formation of fruit without fertilization
a) Apogamy
b) Parthenocarpy
c) Apospory
8. The only living plant cell without nucleus is a) Sieve tube b) xylem cells c) collenchyma
9. Condensation of chromosome is completed in
a) Prophase
b) Metaphase
c) Telophase
10. Guttation occurs through
a) roots by hydathode c) stomata
11. Soil-less cultivation of plant in a defined nutrient solution is called
a) Aeroponics
b) hydroponics
c) bonsai
12. Total number of CO 2 required for the synthesis of one glucose molecule
a) 1
b) 3 c) 6
13. Apical dominance is due to the presence of

a) Cytokinin
b) auxin
c) ABA
14. Who is known as the father of botany
a) Theophrastus
b) Linnaeus
c) Aristotle
15. Name an edible fungi
a) Rhizopus
b) Mucor c) Agaricus
16. Which are the $\mathbf{2}$ components of ecosystem
a) Plants \& animals
b) seeds \& trees
c) biotic \& abiotic
17. Mitosis is a $\qquad$ division
a) Equational b) reductional
c) similar
18. Anticodon occurs in
a) tRNA
b) TRNA
c) reNA
$\alpha$
19. Which plant grow as an epiphyte on a mango branch ?
a) Vanda
b) Cucuta
c) Opuntia
20. The community that invade a bare area are called
a) Climax community b) Pioneer community c) Seral community
21. Which one is a hot spot of biodiversity
a) Western Ghats
b) Eastern Ghats
col Indogangetic plain
22. Population growth is indicated by
a) Emigration
b) mortality
c) natality
c) all the above
 <br> \title{
D B College, Thalayolaparambu <br> \title{
D B College, Thalayolaparambu Department of Botany Department of Botany <br> Entry-level question paper - October 2021
}
poll no
23. The cell organelle is known as the suicidal bag
24. What are mesosomes?
25. Give the name of an algae
26. Mushrooms belong to the group -..--r Feingi
27. Which plant group is considered as the amphibians of the plant kingdom
28. Living fossil

29. The building blocks of proteins

- Aminocueds

8. Organisms that derive nutrition from dead organic matter are known as
9. Give an example of a gymnosperm
10. Darkly stained spherical structure present inside the nucleus
11. Plants that can tolerate water deficit and live in dry habitats are included under the group---
12. Who discovered DNA
13. The enzymes which are used to cut dnA \&estiction engionuclease
14. First cloned animal da
15. The branch of Botany which deals with symptoms, causative agents, and control measures of
diseases is known as ------
16. Give an example of a thin-walled living cell pauenchajma
17. The tissue that is involved in water conduction xylem
18. The type of movement seen in 'Touch me not plant'
19. Example for a gram negative bacteria
20. Universal solventlev $\because$

# DKT]. OF BOTANY, D, B.COLLEGE,THALAYOLAPARAMBO 

ENTRY LEVEL TEST
…..... SEPTEMRER 2020

1. Natural aging of a lake by nutrient enrichment in its water is known as
a) Biomagnification b) Algal bloom e) Salination dreutrophication
$\therefore$ The living tissue present in xylem
a) vessel b) tracheids c) xylem fibres $d$ ) xylem parenchyma
$\therefore$ Free living aerobic nitrogen fixing microbes are
a) Rhizobium b) Azotobacter $($ ) Nostoc d) Anabaena
2. Flowering response in plants towards duration of day/ night is called
a) Phototropism b) photonasty c) photoperiodism d) vernalisation
$\therefore$ Which organelle is known as power house of the cell
a) ribosome b) mitochondria c) nucleus d) golgi bodies
o Which of the following is known as nature's scavengers?
a) Man b) Animals c) Insects d $)$ Micro organisms

3. Plants which grow in saline marshy area are known as a) Hydrophytes b) Sciophytes () Halophytes d) Heliophytes
4. Coconut milk contains
a) auxin b) gibberrellinsc) zeatin d) ethylene

- Who is known as Father of Taxonomy

3 Linnaues b) Robert Hook c) Lamarck d) Mendel
10. This serves as a connecting link between the angiosperms and gymnosperms
(a) Gnetales (b) Coniferales (c) Ginkgoales (d) Cycadales
11. The polar nuclei and male gamete fuse to form
(a) secondary nucleus (b) zygote (c) triple fusion (d) PEN

12 The cell wall of most of the fungi contains $\qquad$ .
(a) Hemicellulose (b) Chitin (c) Peptidoglycan (d) Cellulose
13. This is found in extreme saline conditions
(a) eubacteria (b) cyanobacteria (e) archaebacteria (d) mycobacteria
14. Which of the following is made of dead cells?
(a) Phloem (b)Phellem (c) Collenchyma (d) Xylem parenchyma
15. This has the largest number of chromosomes
(a) Pisum sativum (b) Giant redwood tree (c) Haplopappus gracilis (d) Ophiog ossum
16. This system of classification was used by Linnaeus
(a) Phylogenetic system (b) Natural system (c) Artificial system (d) Asexual sy stem
17. Aerial absorptive roots occur in
(a) Mesophytes (b) Epiphytes (c) Xerophytes (d) Hydrophytes
18. Absorptive heterotrophic nutrition is exhibited by
(a) fungi (b) algae (c) pteridophytes (d) bryophytes
19. Arrangement of sepals and petals in bud condition is called
A) aestivation b) placentation d) phylltaxy d) vernalisation
20. Rhodophyceae is called red algae due to the pigment
a) fucoxanthin by fhy coery (hrin c) chlorophyll c d) carotenoids

Sample of Entry level Question Paper and Answer scripts ${ }^{A}(204 b-20)$ ya Lass shmi

## Department of Botany; D B College, Thalayolaparambu <br> Entry Level Q.P - August .........19

answer any 20 questions
Roll No: 329

1. A symbiotic nitrogen fixing bacteria
2.) Rhizobium $\begin{array}{lll}\text { b) Azotobacter } & \text { c) Clostridium }\end{array}$

Which of the following is considered as neither prokaryotes or eukaryotes.
a) Bacteriophages bybacieria c) fungi o
3. An economically important bryophyte is
a) Riccia
b) Funaria
c) Sphagnum
4. Amphibians of plant kingdom
a) Algae bl Bryophytes Pteridophytes

5. Double fertilization is unique feature of
a) Bryophytes
b) Gymnosperms
Angiosperms
6. Flowers are zygomorphic in
a) Hibiscus bl Pea
c) Tomato
7. Secondary growth does not occur in
क) Grasses
b) gymnosperms
c) dicotyledons
8. chromosomes are mainly composed of
a) proteins
b) DNA
c) DNA \& Proteins
9. Four daughter cells formed after meiosis are
a) Genetically similar
b) genetically different
c) multinucleate
10. Guard cells are dumb-bell shaped in

LT Monocot leaf b) dicot leaf c) dorsiventral leaf
11. Maximum oxygen evolution occurs from

日) Forests b) marine phytoplankton c) crops $\varphi$
12. The organelle involved in respiration
.b) Mitochondria b) chloroplast c) lysosome
13. The basic unit of plant classification
a) Genus
b) order 4 species
14. Classification of Bentham and Hoooker is at Natural b) Artificial c) phylogenetic
15. Study of internal structure of plant is called
a) Morphology
b) anatomy
c) taxonomy
16. Cell discovered by
3) Robert Hooke b) Robert Brown c) Rudolf Virchow
17. Information transfer from DNA to RNA is
a) Translation $⺊ \mathbf{b}$ Transcription d) Replication
18. Which was absent in the atmosphere at the time of origin of, life
a) $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
b) $\mathrm{O}_{2}$
c) $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$
19. The relationship between algae $\&$ fungi in a lichen is
a) Symbiosis
b) Parasitism c) Commensalism
20. Final stable community in a plant succession is known as
a) Climax community
b) Pioneer community
,
21. The natural ageing of lake is
a) Biomagnification
b) Eutrophication c) Biolumification
22. Germplasm conservation at liquid nitrogen temperature of $-196^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
a) Stratification
b) Scarification
c) Cryopreservation

## Devaswom Board College,Thalayolaparambu -[2018-2019]

## ENTRY LEVEL TEST

1. The complex number $1+2 i / 1-i$ lies in
(1) First quadrant (2) Second quadrant
(3) Third quadrant (4) Fourth quadrant
2. The additive inverse of $5+7 i$ is
(1) $5-7 i$
(2) $-5+7 i$
$i(3) 5+7 i(4)-5-7 i$
3. When $n$ is any positive integer, the expansion $(x+a) n=n C 0 n^{n}+n C 1 y^{n-1} a^{n}+n C n a^{n}$ is valid only when
(1) $|x|<1$ (2) $|x|>1$ (3) $|x|<1$ and $|a|<1$ (4)
4. Let $P(n)$ be a statement and let $P(n) \Rightarrow P(n+1)$ fo-ll natu numbers $n$, then $P(n)$ is true
(1) for all $n \in N$. (2) for all $n>m$, $m$ being a fi d posití e integer (3) for all $n>1$ (4) nothing can be said
5. In how many ways the letters of the
ord RAI BOW be arranged?
(4) 6050
6. If general term

4050

(1) 2 (2)

5(4)7
7. If a $, c, d, e, f a r$ A.P/, then $e-c$ is equal to
(1)
(2) $2(\mathrm{~d}-$
(3) $2(c-a)(4) c-b$
8. If $\tan \theta=3$, $\theta$ lies in the III quadrant, then the value of $\sin \theta$
(1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$
(2) $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$
(3) $\frac{-3}{\sqrt{10}}$
(4) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$
9. If a set has $n$ elements than the total number of subsets of $A$ is

1) $n$
2) $n^{2}$
3) $2^{n}$
4) $2 n$
10. How many of the integers from 1 to 100 inclusive are not perfect squaresel
1) 91
2) 90
3) 92
4) None of these

11. Let $A$ be a $5 \times 8$ matrix, then each column of $A$ contains
(1) 5 elements (2) 8 elements (3) 40 elements (4) 13 elements

12
If $A$ is $3 \times 3$ matrix and $|A|=4$, then $\left|A^{-T}\right|$ is equal to
(1) $\frac{1}{4}$
(2) $\frac{1}{16}$
(3) 4
(4) 2
$T>1$
13. $\left|\begin{array}{lll}x & 4 & y+z \\ y & 4 & z+x \\ z & 4 & x+y\end{array}\right|$ is equal to
(1) 4
(2) $x+y+z$
(3) $x y z$
(4) 0
14. The value of the determinant $\left|\begin{array}{lll}1 & a & a^{2}-b c \\ 1 & b & b^{2}-c a \\ 1 & c & c^{2}-a b\end{array}\right|$ is
(1) 0
(2) 1
(3)
(4) 3
15. The coordinates of the centroid of trianale fa by the vertices $(1,1),(2,6),(6,-1)$ is
(1) $(3,1)$
(2) $(3,2)$
$(3)(2,4)$
(4) , 6)
16. If the sides of trianglo $A B C$ are such that $a=4, b=5, c=6$, then the ratio in which incentre divide the angle bisector of $\sigma$ is

## (1) $2: 3$ (2) $2: 1(3), ~$ 4) $1: 1$

17. The aroonen the hand and the minute hand of a clock at half past three, is deg 2) 60 de
3) 30 deg 4) 175 deg
18. The rac of $t^{2}$ circle passing through the points $(1,2),(5,2)$ and $(5,-2)$ is
(1) $2 \sqrt{2}$
(2) $3 \sqrt{2}$
(3) $2 \sqrt{5}$
(4) $5 \sqrt{2}$
19. The length of the latus rectum of the parabola $x^{2}-6 x+5 y=0$ is
(1) 3
(2) 5
(3) 7
20. If the imaginary part of $2+i / a i-1$ is zero, where $a$ is a real number, then the value of is equal to
1) $1 / 2$
2) $2 \quad 3)-1 / 2$
3) -2
21. The mean deviation of the numbers $11,12,13,14,15$ about the mean is
(1) 1 (2) 1.2 (3) 1.5 (4) 2
22. Mean deviation for n observations $\times 1, \times 2, \ldots . ., \mathrm{xn}$ from their mean x is given by
(1) $\sum_{i=1}^{n}\left(x_{i}-\bar{x}\right)$
(2) $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n}\left|x_{i}-\bar{x}\right|$
(3) $\sum_{i=1}^{n}\left(x_{i}-\bar{x}\right)^{2}$
(4) $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{l=1}^{n}\left(x_{l}-\bar{x}\right)^{2}$
23. Equation of XZ -plane is
(1) $x=0(2) x=0, y=0(3) y=0(4) y=0, z=0$
24. The locus of the point for which $x=0, y=0$ is
(1) Equation of $x$-axis (2) Equation of $y$-axis (3) Equation of $z$-axis (4)
) Equa

25. 

$\int(\tan x+\cot x)^{2} d x$ equals
(1) $\tan x+\cot x+C$
(2) $\sec x+\operatorname{cosec} x+c$
(3) $\tan x-\cot x+C$
(4) $\sec x-\operatorname{cosec} x+C$
26. If the function $f(x)=(1-x) \tan \frac{\pi x}{2}$ is cg timous 1, then $f(1)=$
(1) $2 / \pi$
(2) $\pi / 2$
(3) 0
(4) 2
27. Let $A=\{x: x$ is a 9 be $n$ bess than 10$\}$ and $B=\{x: x \in N$ and $0<x-2 \leq 4\}$ then $A-B$ is
(1) $\{2,3,5\}$
(2) $\{3,4\}$
(3) $\{3,4,5\}$
(4) $\{2,7\}$
28.

(1) 2
(2) 4
(3) 5
(4) 8
29. The area bounded by $y=-x^{2}+1$ and the $x$-axis is

1) $1 / 3$
2)2/3
2) $4 / 3$
3) $8 / 3$
30. Negation of statement "Newyork is in America and Mumbai is in India" is
(1) Newyork is in India and Mumbai is in America
(2) Newyork is not in America and Mumbai is in India


DEVASWOM BOARD COLLEGE
Affiliated to
Mahatma Gandhi University Kottayam
NAAC Re-Acredited B + grade

## ENTRY LEVEL TEST QUESTION PAPER <br> FOR BAA <br> POLITICAL SCIENCE 2018-19

```
Name of Student: Amarfith P.P
Class No.: (1)0
```



Total Marks

Time: 1 hour
Max. Marks: 30
Answer All Questions
Each Questions carries I Marks

1. Which theory of democracy attaches great importance to economic rights of man?
A. Marxist theory
B. Elite Theory
C. Pluralist Theory
D. All the above $x$
$x$
2. The concept of Greek, 'Justice' was
A. Legal
(B). Moral 1
C. Social
D. Political
3. The social sciences where initially concerned with the consequences of
A. American Revolution
B. The French Revolution
C. The Russian Revolution
(D) The Industrial Revolution
4. Eight principles of Behavioral Approach of political science is generally known as:
A. Regularities
B. Pure Science
C. Verifications
D. Intellectual Foundations $X$
5. 'A theory of justice 'is the work of
(A) J. 5 Mill
B. Bodin
C. John Rawls
D. Montesquieu
6. Who wrote the book 'A Grammar of politics'
(A) Laski
B. Hegal
C. J.S Mill
DT.H Green
7. Which one of the following is not relevant to Traditional Approach.
A. Philosophical
B. Historical.
Institutional
D. Behavioural.
8. Integration of Political Science with other Social Sciences Is a basic principle of
A. Traditionalism.
B. Behaviouralism.
C. Liberalism. $\nprec$
D. Post - Behaviouralism.
9. The success of democracy depends upon
A. Periodic Elections.
B. Voting.
C. Campaigning in The Elections.
D. All the above
10. Which of the following is a permanent feature of a representative form of government?
A. Voting.
B. Decision Making.
C. Military Force.
D. None of The Above
11. "A right is a claim recognized by society and enforced by the state" who said this?
A. Laski
B. Bosanquet
C. Rousseau
(D) Green $X$

12 Traditional approaches give stress on:
A. Values.
(B) Facts.
C. Objectivity.
D. Precision.
13. 'Two Treatises of Government' Was Written By
A. John Locke.
B. J.J Rousseau.
C. Thomas Hobbes.
D. Spencer.
14. The social science that deals with human use of the natural environment is:
A. Genetics
B. Geography
C. Political'science
D. Sociology
15. 'Credo of Relevance' Signalled
A. Modernism.
B. Behaviouralism.
C. Post-Behaviouralism.
D. Rationalism.
16. Who among the following strongly said that "Man is a Political Animal"?
A. Socrates
C. Aristotle
B. Plato
D. None of the Above.
17. Who among the following said, "Liberty is the opposite of over government"?
(A.) Seeley
B. Prof. Ramsay Muir
C. Laski
D. J.S Mill
18. The origin of democracy can be traced back to
A. Ancient Greek City States
B. Medieval Period
C. Modern Era
D. Feudalism \}
19. A democratic society is one in which
A. Government is popularly elected.
C. The spirit of equality and fraternity prevails.

B Liberty is given the highest value.
D. All the above. $\qquad$
20. Who wrote the book 'Politics'
A. Socrates
B. Plato
C. Aristotle
D. Rousseau
21. Behavioral approach in political science is "an attempt to make the empirical content of political science more scientific" who said this?
A. Charles. E. Merriam
B. David Easton
C. Powell
D. Robert A Dahl
22. Who described democracy as "a form of government in which everyone has a share"?
A. John Seeley
B. J.S Mill
C. Bryce
D. None of The Above
23. Who wrote the book 'On liberty'?
A. Henry Maine
B. 1.5 Mill
C. T.H Green
D. Laski
24. The study of human group behaviour is the definition of
A. Psychology
B. Sociology
C. Geology
D. None of the above
$x$
25. The term 'Globalization' was coined by
A. Kaplan
B. Theodore Levitt
C. Burton
D. Spiro
26. Democracy is rule of
A. Voters
B.) People
C. Members of parliament
D. Political Parties.
27. Who defined democracy as "Government of the people, by the people, for the people"?
A. Woodrow Wilson
B. Lord Bryce
C. Abraham Lincoln
D. Laski
$f$
28. 'The Intellectual God Father' of Behaviouralism is
A. Charles. E. Merriam
B. David Easton.
C. Laswell.
D. None of the above.

7
29. The two words 'demos' and 'kratos' from which democracy draws its origin belong to
A. Latin Language.
B. Greek Language.
C. French Language.
D. Spanish Language.
d.
30. The two forms of democracy are
A. Parliamentary and presidential.
C. Monarchical and Republican.
B. Direct and indirect.
$x$

A A $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Digitally signed by ANITHA R } \\ \text { Date: } 2024.02 .17 \text { 10:46:24 } \\ +05^{\prime} 30^{\prime}\end{array}\right.$

